



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Public Health Reports

Treasury Department, United States Marine-Hospital Service. Published in accordance with act of Congress approved February 15, 1893.

VOL. XIII.

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 3, 1898.

NO. 22.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Smallpox in Alabama and Mississippi.

MOBILE, ALA., May 28, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to report that 2 cases of smallpox have been admitted from Whistler to the county hospital since my last report.

Two cases in railroad hands have been detained at Hurricane Bayou in the past two weeks.

Three cases are reported in isolation at Laurel, Jones County, Miss., on the Northeastern Railroad. Chicken pox is reported as being prevalent.

There have been about 40 cases of smallpox in negroes at and near Shubuta, Clark County, Miss., on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Eight cases are yet under observation. General vaccination has been advised by the State board of health.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. D. MURRAY,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Case of smallpox in Pensacola, Fla.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., May 25, 1898.

SIR: You are officially informed of the existence of a case of smallpox at Pensacola, Escambia County, Fla., a negro woman who has but recently visited relatives in Alabama, who were suffering from what was there called "chicken pox." All necessary precautions have been taken. This is the only case of smallpox in Florida.

Yours, truly,

JOSEPH Y. PORTER,
State Health Officer.